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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/750,792	01/03/2004	Jeff Scott Eder	VM-67	1490
53787 ASSET TRUST	7590 06/17/200 C. INC.	EXAMINER		
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# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/750,792	EDER, JEFF SCOTT	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	SIEGFRIED E. CHENCINSKI	3691	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 A</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This     Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 175-197 is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 175-197 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.		
··· _			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/03/04, 9/01/04, 9/08/04, 1/07/05, 5/10/01/07/05, 2/28/06, 8/03/07, 11/22/07	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 05. 6) Other:	nte	



Application No.

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Specification

#### 1. OBJECTION

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it contains reference marks to the specification and the drawings.

Applicant is requested to remove the reference marks.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

2. Claims 175-187 and 193-197 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 175-197 recite a computer implemented method or process and storage device for determining the relevance of a key word. Based on Supreme Court precedent, a proper process must be tied to another statutory class or transform underlying subject matter to a different state or thing (*Diamond v. Diehr*, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); *Parker v. Flook*, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); *Gottschalk v. Benson*, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972); *Cochrane v. Deener*, 94 U.S. 780,787-88 (1876)); *In re Comiskey*, 499 F.3d 1365 (Fed. Cir. 2007). Since neither of these requirements is met by the claim, the method is not considered a patent eligible process under 35 U.S.C. 101. To qualify as a statutory process, the claim should positively recite the other statutory class to which it is tied, for example by identifying the apparatus that accomplished the method steps or positively reciting the subject matter that is being transformed, for example by identifying the material that is being changed to a different state.

Applicant is advised to satisfy the statutory requirements for the claims. Applicant is also advised not to add any new matter to the specification or the claims.

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

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3. Claims 175-197 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The claims limitations language in light of the specification is too general in order for an ordinary practitioner to specifically know what the invention is and to be able to apply it in a specific manner. The data inputs have no concrete basis and are purely subjective, as are the keywords. Also subjective are the user inputs. The expression "common schema" is absent in the specification so that a practitioner would be forced to invent his own definition for such a common schema. Further, the very nature of the problem presented in the Background section and the description of the invention in the summary make any solution unique, arbitrary and indefinite. All inputs are forced to be unique and subjective according to the assumptions and biases of judgment of each user. Therefore, there is no objective answer possible. All solutions to the process of this invention are quaranteed to be unique and highly subjective. The search results will accordingly be unique to every search. No two ordinary practitioners of the art working independently would be capable of replicating the results of implementing this invention. For purposes of examination the examiner is forced to make prior art search assumptions in order to locate prior art which the broadest reasonable interpretation.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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4. Claims 175-197 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The claims limitations language in light of the specification is too general in order for an ordinary practitioner to specifically know what the invention is and to be able to apply it in a specific manner. The data inputs have no concrete basis and are purely subjective, as are the keywords. Also subjective are the user inputs. The expression "common schema" is absent in the specification so that a practitioner would be forced to invent his own definition for such a common schema. Further, the very nature of the problem presented in the Background section and the description of the invention in the summary make any solution unique, arbitrary and indefinite. All inputs are forced to be unique and subjective according to the assumptions and biases of judgment of each user. Therefore, there is no objective answer possible. All solutions to the process of this invention are guaranteed to be unique and highly subjective. The search results will accordingly be unique to every search. No two ordinary practitioners of the art working independently would be capable of replicating the results of implementing this invention. For purposes of examination the examiner is forced to make prior art search assumptions in order to locate prior art which the broadest reasonable interpretation.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 175-181 & 183-197 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pant et al. (UA patent 6,012,0563, hereafter Pant) in view of Sandretto (US Patent 5,812,988).

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**Re. Claims 175, 183, 188 and 193,** with claim 193 as exemplary, Pant discloses a computer implemented keyword relevance method, storage device and system, comprising:

- integrating a plurality of data from a plurality of organization related systems, user input, an Internet and one or more external databases in accordance with a common schema (user input Col. 1, II. 54-55; Fig. 1, 108; Fig. 2, 108; Fig. 3, 152; Internet and external databases Col. 3, II. 14-32; a common schema is an obvious required factor since that is an implicit requirement for doing a search which has to be organized instead of being non-directional and meaningless, since any organized search will have a focused goal, i.e. a common schema;
- searching for a plurality of keywords on the Internet and in one or more external databases (col. 3, II. 14-32),
- storing a location for each identified keyword (Fig. 3, 172; Fig. 4, 206),
- counting and classifying each stored keyword (Col. 1, II. 56-62; Fig. 3, 168, 174, 176, 180),
- creating one or more keyword performance indicators (Fig. 3, 158, 166),

While Pant implies the integration of a plurality of data by the user in order to formulate his search, and then teaching the integration of data through the relevancy oriented search process, Pant does not explicitly disclose "integrating a plurality of data from a plurality of organization related systems", However, Sandretto discloses integrating a plurality of data from a plurality of organization related systems (Abstract – II. 1-2; Col. 8, I. 52 – Col. 9, I. 39; portfolio generation – Col. 8, II. 58, 61, integrating data from a plurality of organization related systems – Col. 8, 61—Col. 9, I. 19).

Pant does not explicitly disclose

 developing a model of organization financial performance by category of value that quantifies an impact of each of one or more keyword performance indicators, and Art Unit: 3691

 using the quantified impact of each keyword indicator as a measure of a relevance of each keyword to the organization where a plurality of keywords and classification information are obtained from user input.

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However, Sandretto discloses a model of organizational financial performance by category of value that quantifies an impact of each of one or more keyword performance indicators making use of user input (Col. 8, I. 52 – Col. 9, I. 39). It would have been obvious to an ordinary practitioner of the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have combined the art of Pant for conducting relevance search with the art of Sandretto for developing a model of organization financial performance by category of value that quantifies an impact of each of one or more keyword performance indicators where a plurality of keywords and classification information are obtained from user input. Therefore, it would have been obvious to an ordinary practitioner of the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have combined the disclosures of Pant with the disclosures of Sandretto in order to develop a computer implemented keyword relevance method, motivated by the desire to provide a method for estimating asset risks and values (Sandretto, Col. 8, II. 52-53).

Re. Claims 176, 184, 189 & 194; 177 & 185; 180; & 181, 187, 192 & 197, the following limitations are not explicitly disclosed by Pant:

Re. Claims 176, 184, 189 & 194, wherein at least some data are pre-specified for integration and conversion

**Re. Claims 177 & 185**, wherein a plurality of integrated enterprise data are stored in an application database in accordance with a common schema.

**Re. Claims 180,** wherein a data processing method further comprises storing a plurality of converted data in one or more tables to support organization processing.

Re. Claims 181, 187, 192 & 197, wherein each keyword maps to the common schema. However, Re. Claims 176, 184, 189 & 194; 177 & 185; 180; & 181, 187, 192 & 197, these steps would have been obvious to the ordinary practitioner at the time of Applicant's invention because they are logical elements of a computer automated search process.

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Re. Claims 178, 185, 190 & 195, Pant does not explicitly disclose wherein a plurality of organization related systems are selected from the group consisting of advanced financial systems, basic financial systems, alliance management systems, brand management systems, customer relationship management systems, channel management systems, intellectual property management systems, process management systems, vendor management systems, operation management systems, sales management systems, human resource systems, accounts receivable systems, accounts payable systems, capital asset systems, inventory systems, invoicing systems, payroll systems, enterprise resource planning systems (ERP), material requirement planning systems (MRP), scheduling systems, supply chain systems, quality control systems, purchasing systems, risk management systems and combinations thereof. However, selecting a plurality of these related systems would have been obvious to the ordinary practitioner from the disclosure of Sandretto, for example capital asset systems, accounts receivable systems, accounts payable systems, inventory systems, etc.. (Col. 8, I. 52 – Col. 9, I. 19). Therefore, it would have been obvious to an ordinary practitioner of the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have combined the disclosures of Pant with the disclosures of Sandretto in order to develop a computer implemented keyword relevance method, motivated by the desire to provide a method for estimating asset risks and values (Sandretto, Col. 8, II. 52-53). Re. Claims 179, 186, 191 & 196, Pant does not explicitly disclose wherein a common schema identifies data designations selected from the group consisting of components of value, sub components of value, known value drivers, elements of value, sub elements of value, non-relevant attributes and combinations thereof. However, a common schema which identifies data designations such as components of value, sub components of value, known value drivers, elements of value, sub elements of value, non-relevant attributes and combinations thereof would have been obvious to the ordinary practitioner from the disclosure of Sandretto, including components of value, sub components of value, known value drivers, elements of value, sub elements of value, non-relevant attributes and combinations thereof (Col. 8, I. 52 – Col. 9, I. 19). Therefore, it would have been obvious to an ordinary practitioner of the art at the time of

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Applicant's invention to have combined the disclosures of Pant with the disclosures of Sandretto in order to develop a computer implemented keyword relevance method, motivated by the desire to provide a method for estimating asset risks and values (Sandretto, Col. 8, II. 52-53).

6. Claim 182 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pant et al. (UA patent 6,012,0563, hereafter Pant) in view of Sandretto (US Patent 5,812,988) as applied to claim 175 above, and further in view of Official Notice.
Re. Claims 182, wherein the program storage device comprises one or more intelligent agents (The examiner takes Official Notice that the use of intelligent agents were well known in the computer art at the time of Applicant's invention).

#### Conclusion

**7.** Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Siegfried Chencinski whose telephone number is (571)272-6792. The Examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday, 9am to 6pm.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Alexander Kalinowski, can be reached on (571) 272-6771.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Any response to this action should be mailed to:

# Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington D.C. 20231

or Faxed to (571)273-8300 [Official communications; including After Final communications labeled "Box AF"]

or Faxed to (571) 273-6792 [Informal/Draft communications, labeled "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"]

Hand delivered responses should be brought to the address found on the above USPTO web site in Alexandria, VA.

**SEC** 

June 9, 2008

/Narayanswamy Subramanian/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3691